

 $Hump back\ whale\ (Megaptera\ novae angliae).\ Photography:\ Gabriel\ Daza.$



Enfoque regional para proteger la megafauna marina migratoria de la Región del Pacífico Sudeste

Regional approach to protect migratory marine megafauna in the Southeast Pacific Region

SALVANDO A LOS CINCO AZULES



























Regional approach to protect migratory marine megafauna in the Southeast Pacific Region

Save the Blue Five is a regional project aimed to protect migratory marine megafauna in the Southeast Pacific Region (Costa Rica, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Chile).

The five species groups (whales, dolphins, sharks, sea turtles and rays/manta rays) convey exceptional global biodiversity value. They are particularly vulnerable due to their dependence on diverse transboundary habitats.

A relevant way to improve these species survival is to support countries with actions to strengthen the regional policy framework for the conservation and sustainable use of marine megafauna, and to promote the implementation of coordinated measures at the local, national and regional levels.

These actions include:

- Regional political dialogue
- Coordinated conservation measures
- Coordinated biodiversity monitoring
- Financing mechanisms
- Awareness generation and capacity building



Olive ridley sea turtle (Lepidochelys olivacea). Photography: Mike Mongeau.

Funding partner:

The Federal Ministry for the Environment, Climate Action, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety (BMUKN) through its International Climate Initiative (IKI).

Implementing consortium:

- German Corporation for International Cooperation (GIZ)
- South Pacific Permanent Commission (Comisión Permanente del Pacífico Sur, CPPS- in Spanish)
- Conservation International (CI)
- MarViva Foundation



Artiferens striptes (Aresign becoming Attalography Calcius Mighi).

Project term:

2023-2028

Countries:

Costa Rica, Parrama, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Chile.

Total project value:

€19.500,000

Contribution to SDG:











Stakeholders:

- South Padříc Permanent Commission
 (Comisión Permanente del Padříco Sur, CPPS- in Spanish).
- 2. Costa Rica, Parrama, Colombia, Educador, Pariu, and Chille.
- 3. National ministries and a gendles.
- 4 Research Institutions.
- Non-government organizations.
- 6. Private sector.
- 7. Coastal communities.

Project focus:

The project seeks to improve the conservation and long-term survival of the marine megafauna species along their main migratory routes in the Southeast Pacific region through coordination and implementation of effective protection measures among countries and key stakeholders.





Action lines

Strengthened regional policy dialogue, decisions, and managements trategies.

Relevant authorities in the Southeast Padric Implement coordinated management strategies for the consensation of migratory marine megafauna.

Coordinated regional blodhers by monitoring:

Decision-makers in four Southeast Pacific countries use improved information and monitoring data on the blodhers by of the Blue Rive.

Public-private initiatives and other. Branding mechanisms

The private sector and foundations provide funding for Buie 5 species conservation.

Regional communication and capacity. building strategy:

Keystakeholders are aware of the importance of the Bue-Sand integrate obtained knowledge into consensation and sustainable management.



We consolidate efforts to strengthen regional coordination and improve knowledge about migratory marine megafauna, training government officials and keystakeholders in contribution to the commitments towards conservation of migratory's pecies.

www.savethebluefive.net.













